Drought Word Search

DROUGHT DECLARATION GOVERNOR PRECIPITATION INDEX PERCOLATION AQUIFER GROUNDWATER LAKE STREAM ORDINANCE CONSERVATION WILDFIRE MANDATORY MANAGEMENT MITIGATION CDPH RCAC AGRICULTURE EFFICIENCY IRRIGATION

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Drought Contingency Planning



WELCOME!

This training is presented by RCAC with funding provided by the California State Revolving Fund (SRFCA) from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH)







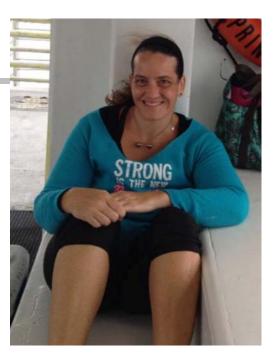
Your Moderators Today...



Stevan Palmer Reno NV

Joy Gannon Makawao HI





RosAnna Noval Portland OR



The Rural Community Assistance Partnership



RCAC Programs

- Affordable housing
- Community facilities
- Water and wastewater infrastructure financing (Loan Fund)
- Classroom and online training
- On-site technical assistance
- Median Household Income (MHI) surveys



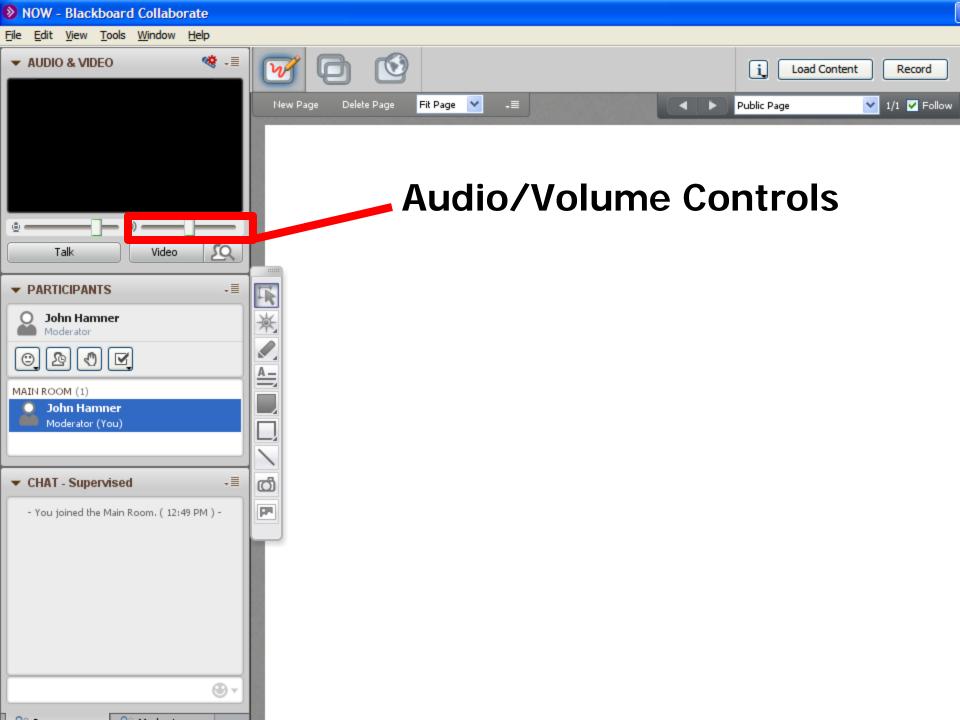
Communication Tour

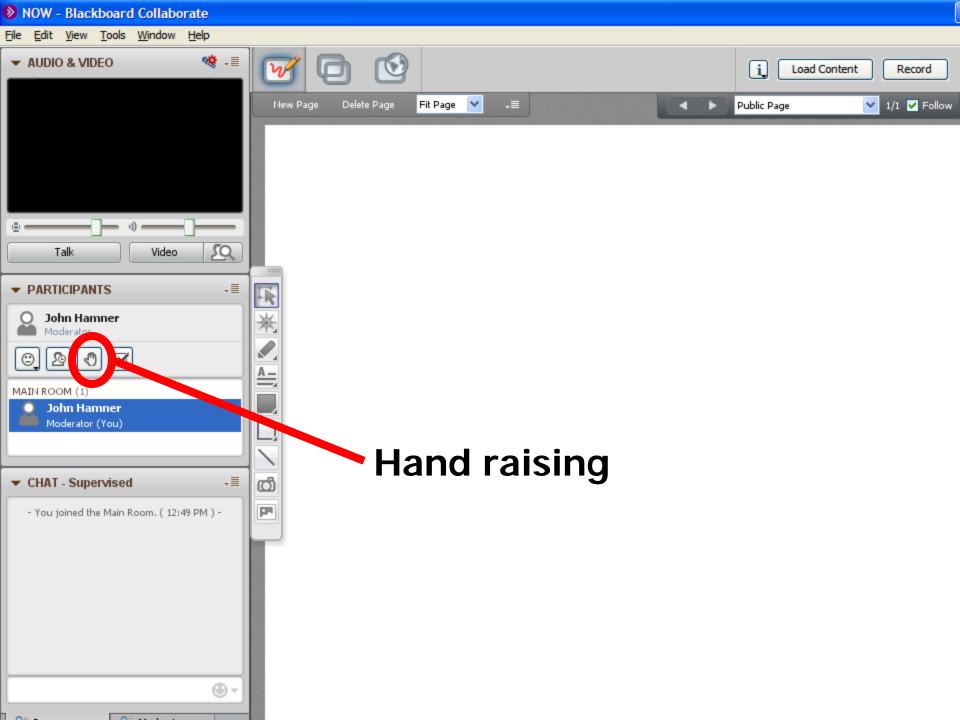
Introduction to the online "Virtual Classroom"

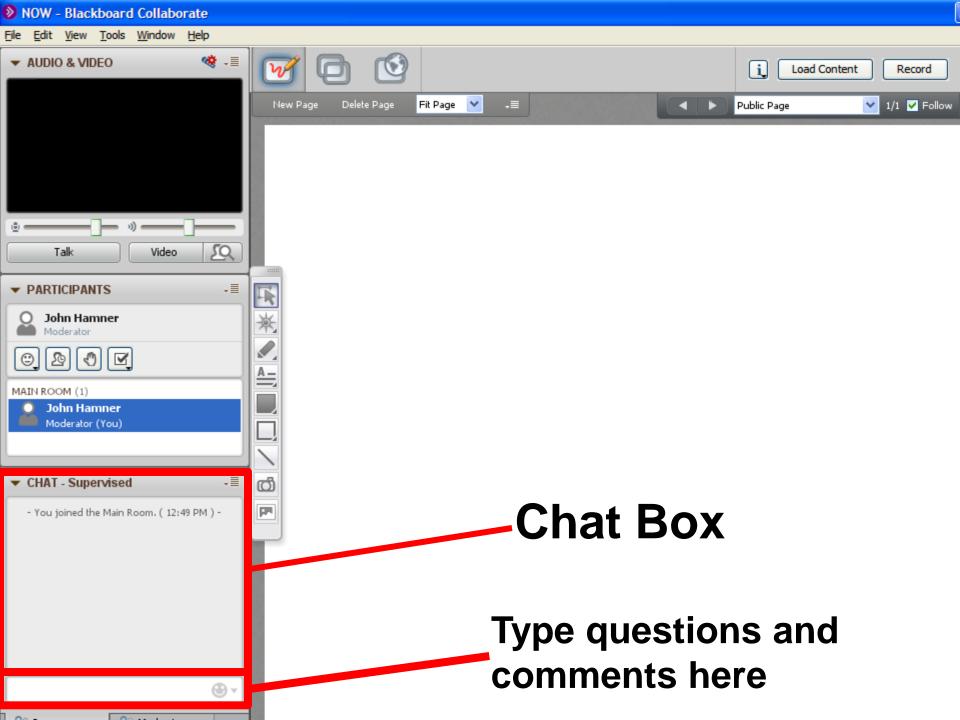










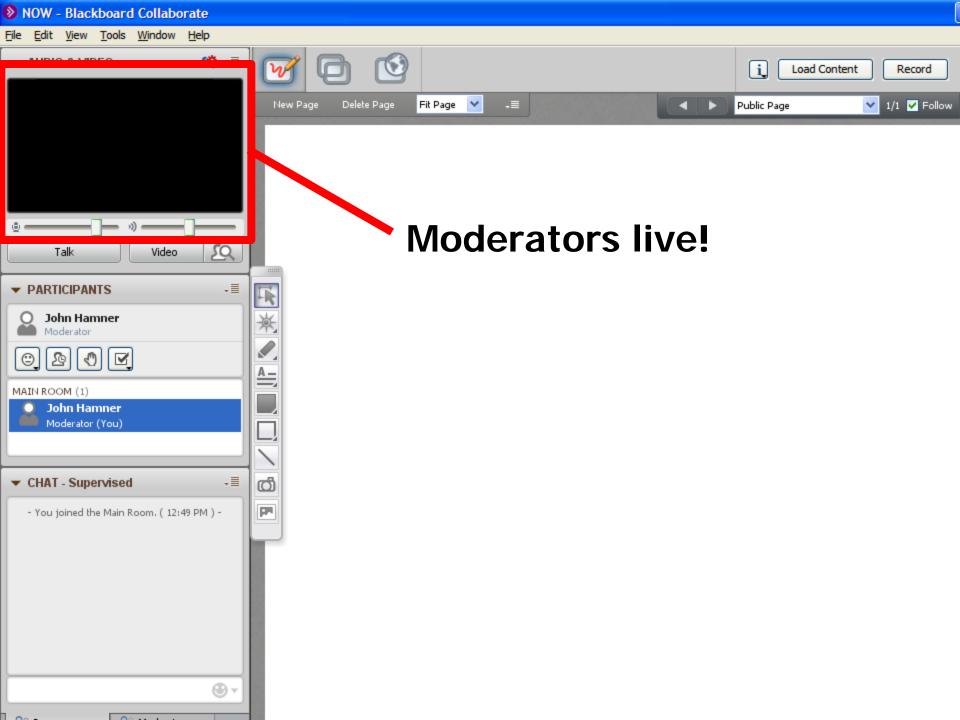


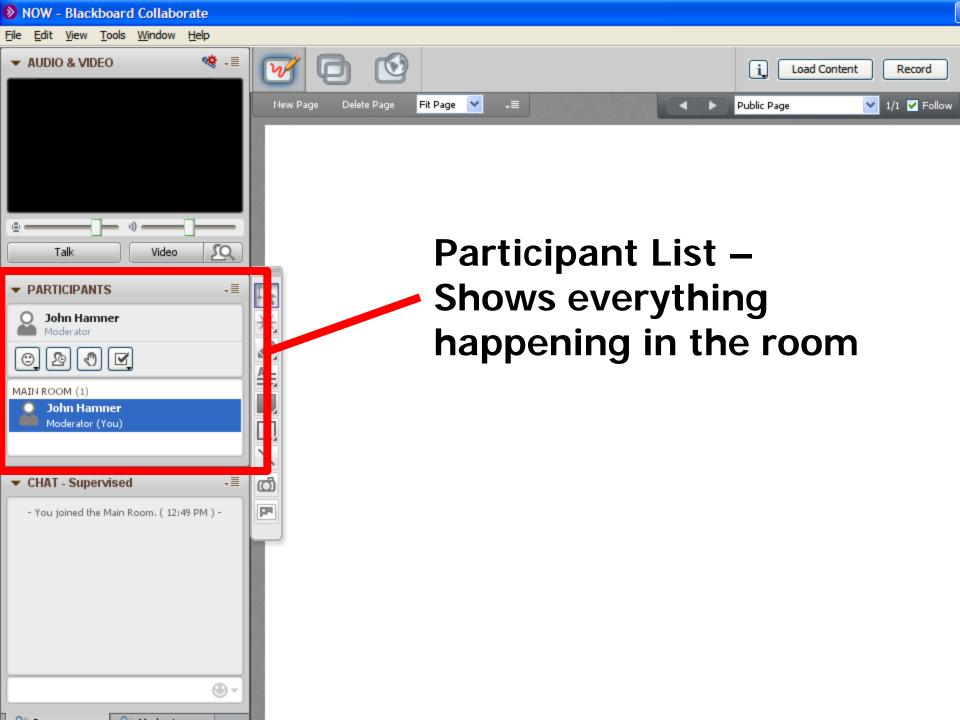


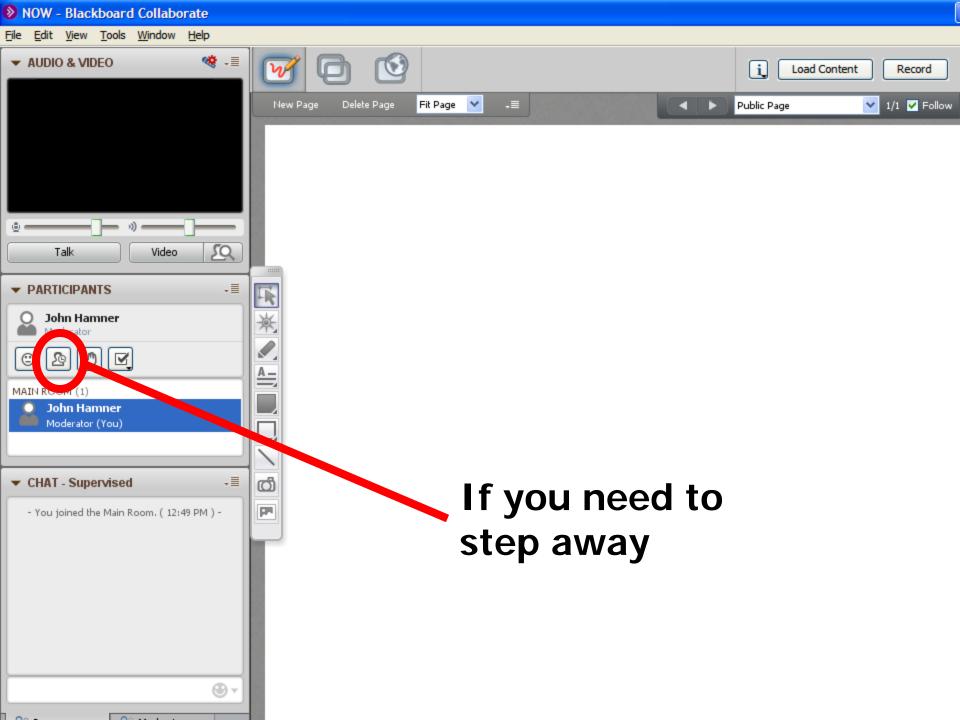
 In the chat box to the left, type one of your learning objectives for today

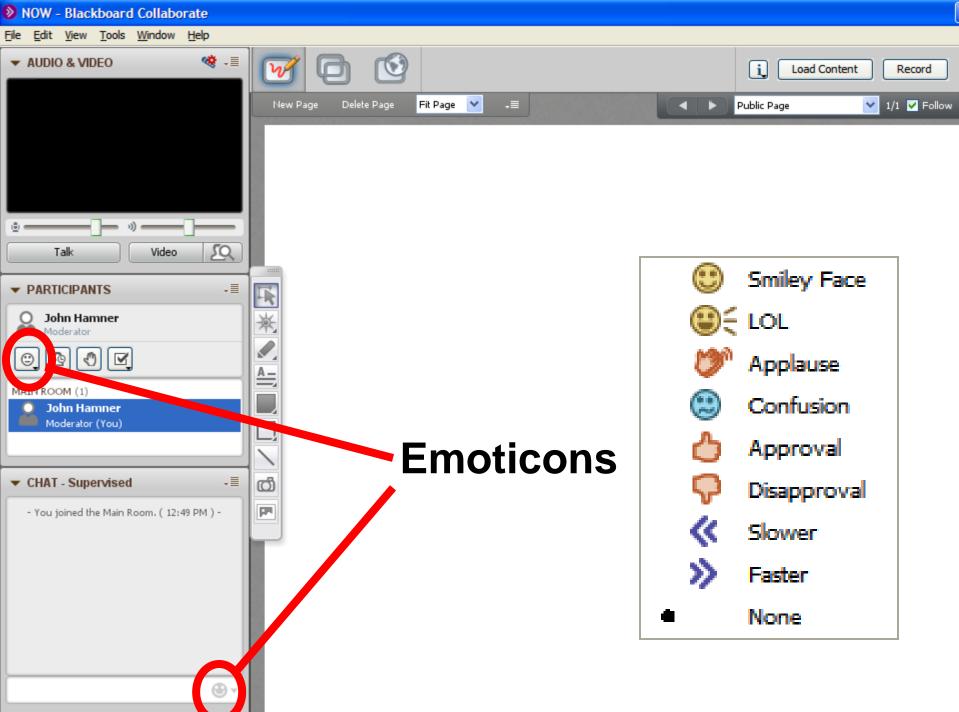






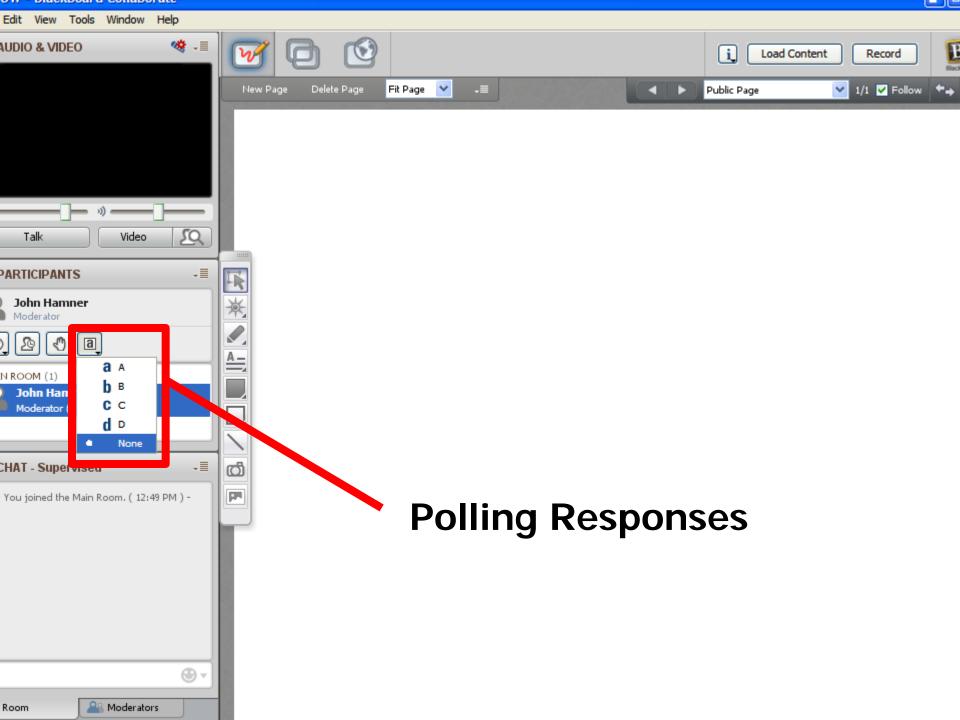






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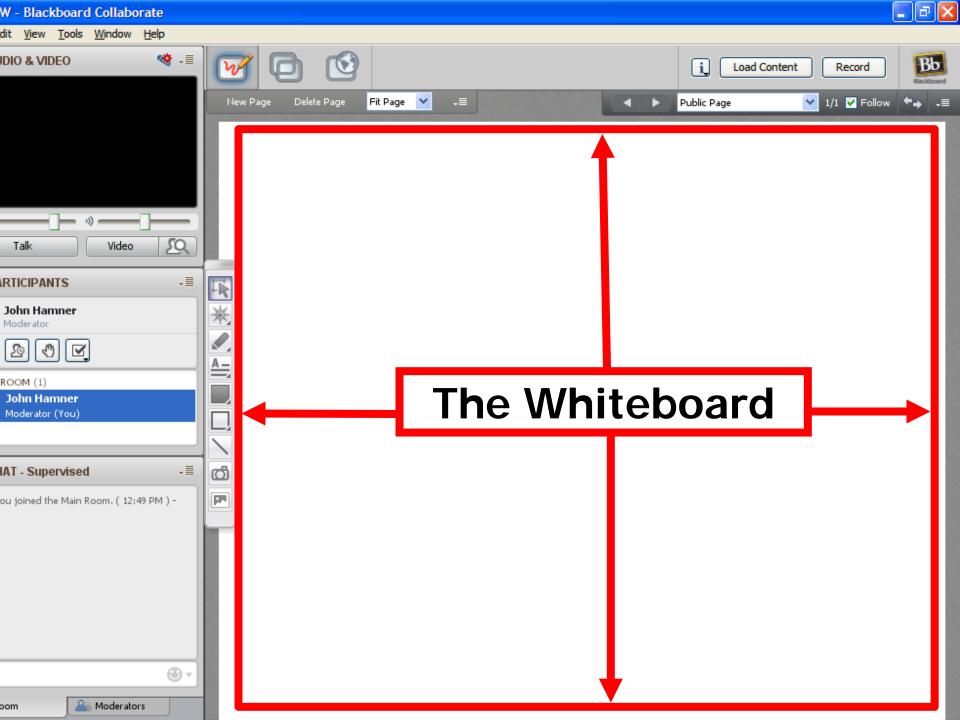


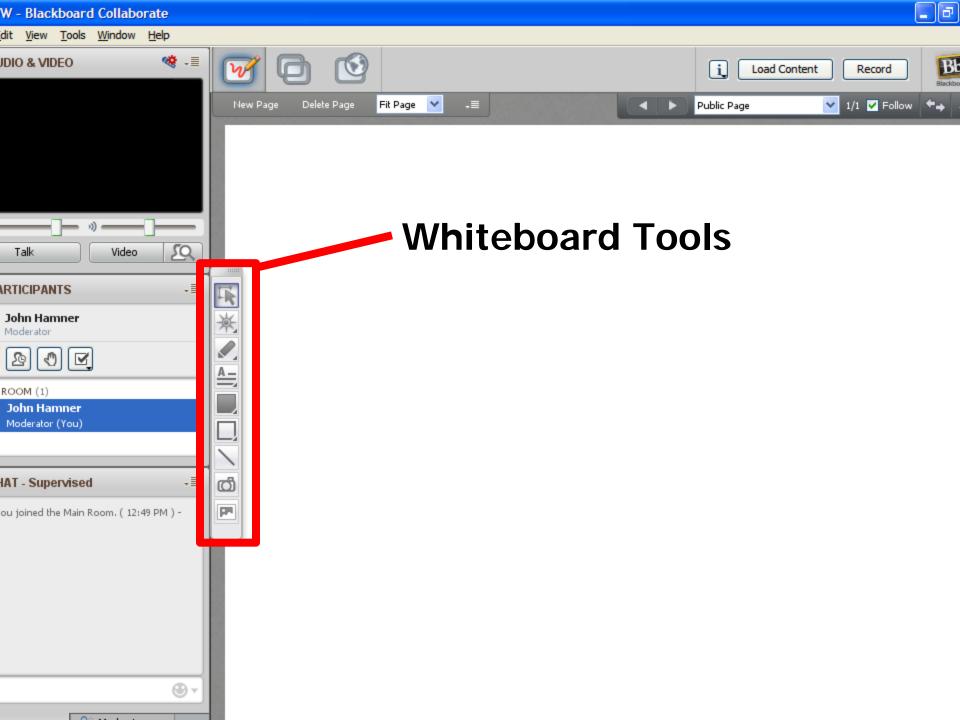
How would you describe the impact of the current drought on <u>your</u> utility?

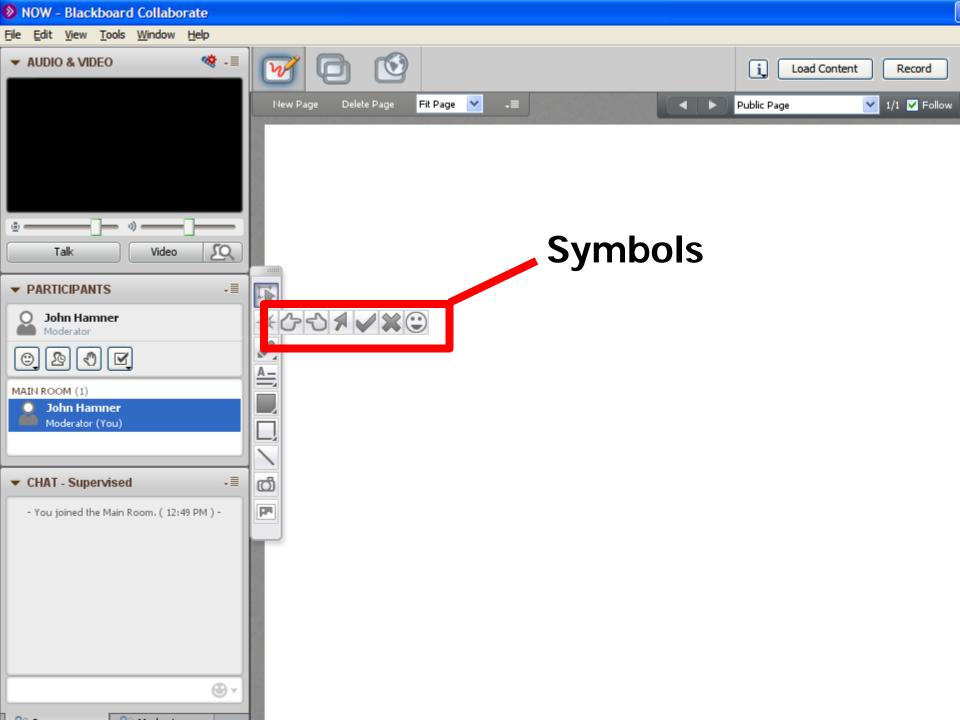
A. An emergencyB. A problemC. A concernD. No consequence









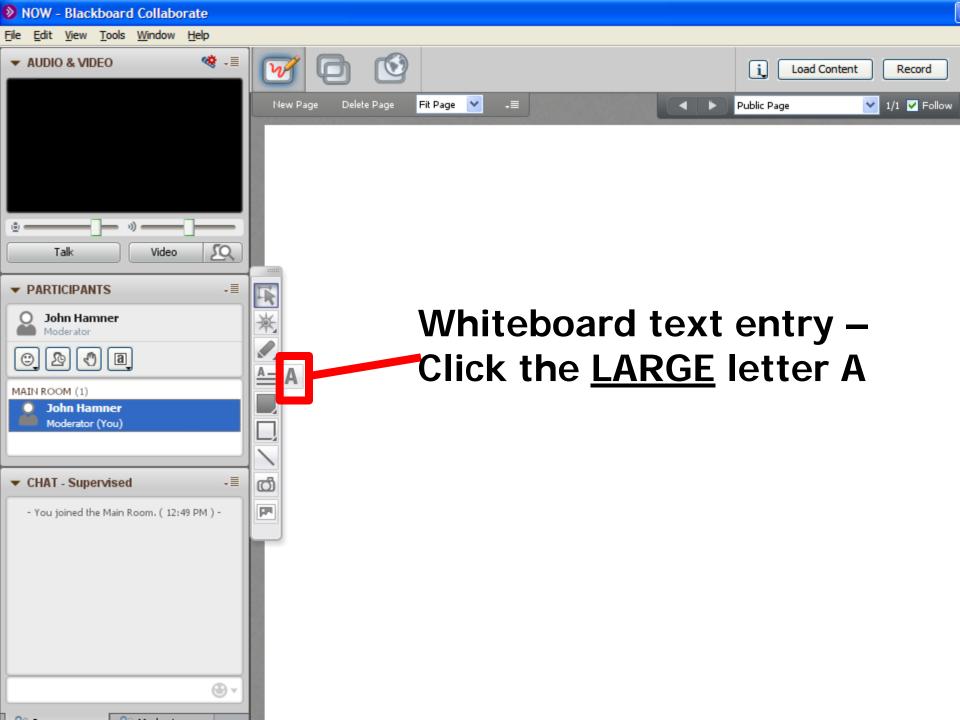


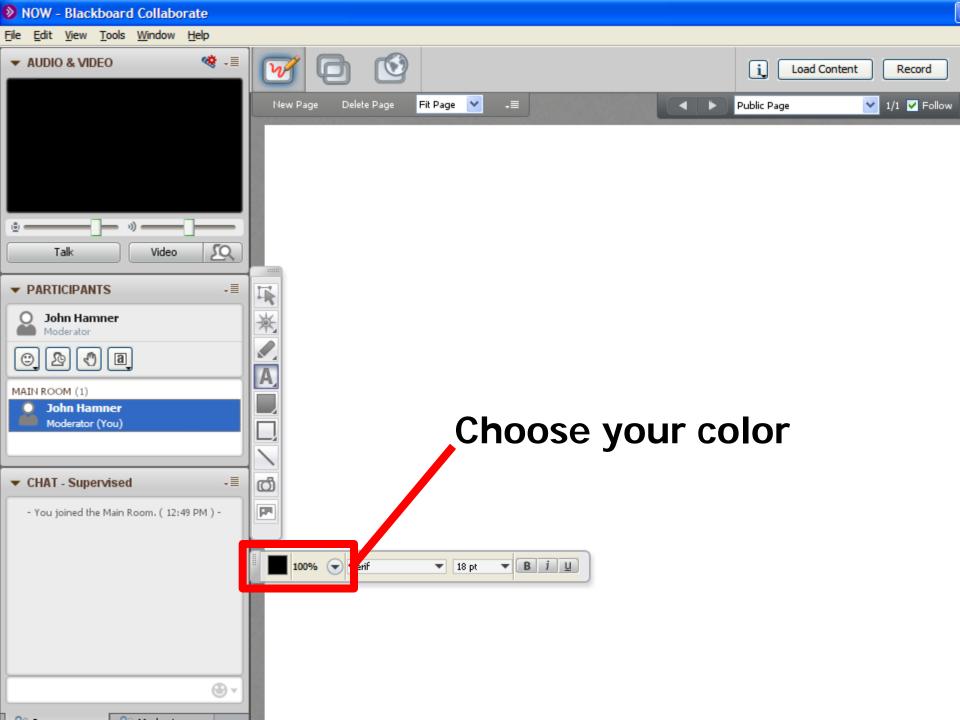
Use the whiteboard tools to place a symbol near your location

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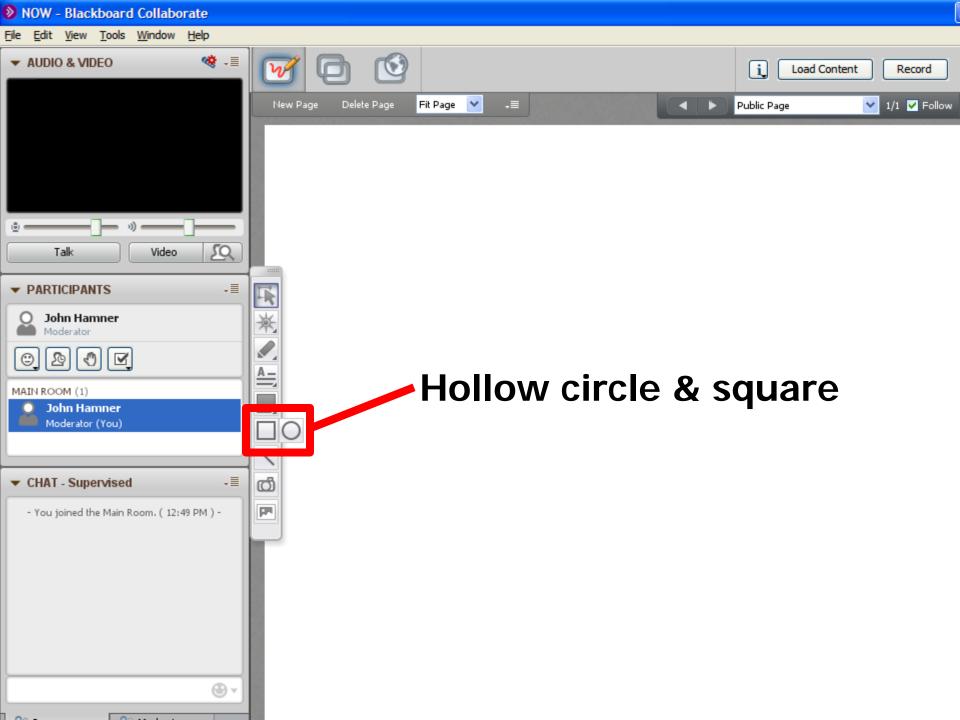


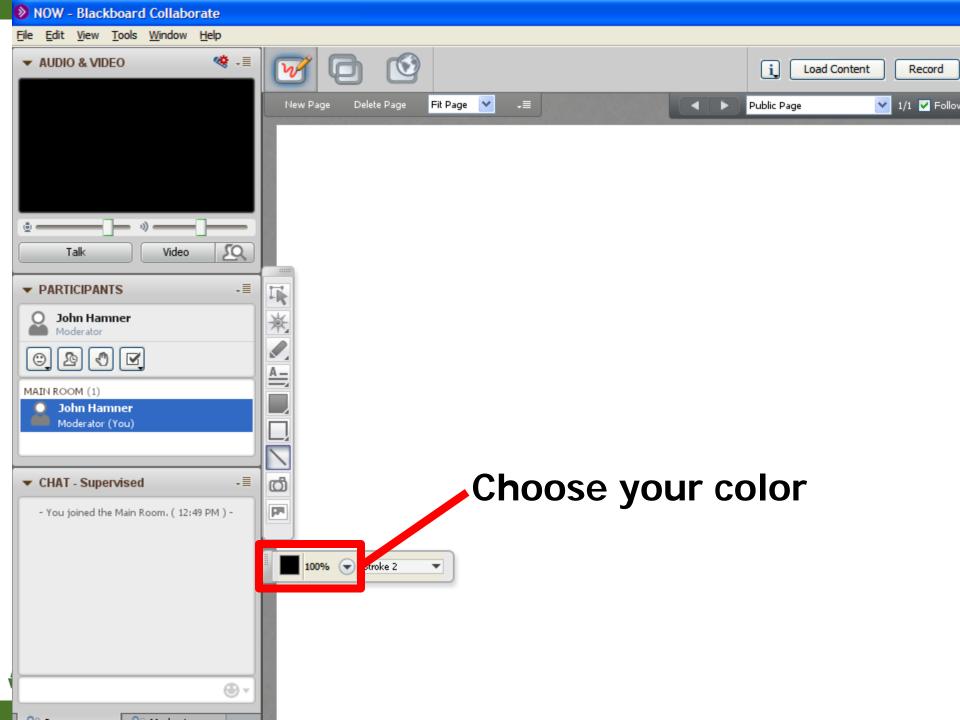




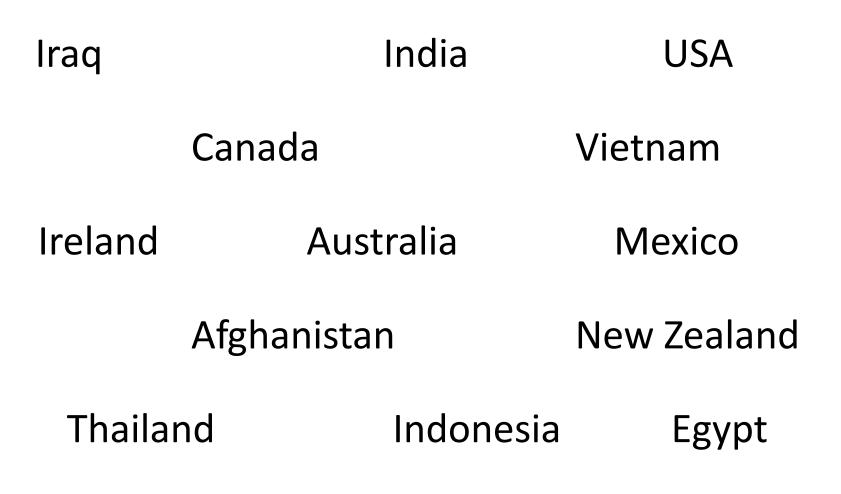
Who's Here Today?

Operators	
Managers	
Board Members	
Other	
Publicly Owned	
Privately Owned	
<500 Connections	
500-3000 Connections	
>3000 Connections	





Circles And Squares... Which Countries Have You Visited?





Tools We've Covered

- Microphone
- Hand raising & other icons
- Text box
- Whiteboard tools
- Polling questions





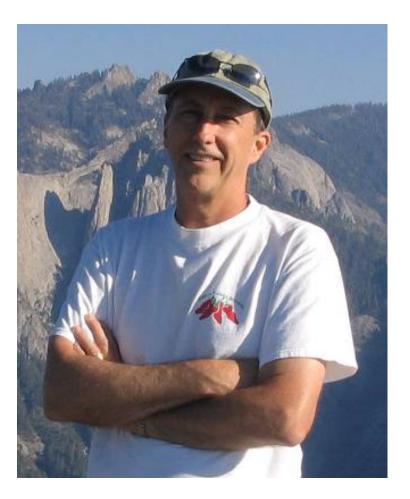
Questions?



Text your questions and comments anytime during the session



Your Presenter Today...



Neil Worthen Las Cruces, NM

nworthen@rcac.org



Performance Assessment Rating Tool (PART)

- 4 to 6 weeks from today
- Email w/ today's workshop in subject line
- 3 questions 3 minutes maximum
- How did you use the information that was presented today?
- Funders are looking for positive changes
- Help us continue these free workshops!





Drought Contingency Planning



What Exactly Is a "Drought"?

- No unique definition!
- National Drought Policy Commission:
 - *"* a <u>persistent</u> and <u>abnormal</u> moisture deficiency having <u>adverse impacts</u> on vegetation, animals, and people".
- *Meteorological* rainfall deficit (supply-demand)
- *Agricultural* topsoil moisture deficit; crop impacts
- Hydrological surface or sub-surface water supply shortage



Drought Preparedness

- Droughts are long-term
- Droughts occur slowly and recede slowly
- Normal part of the hydrologic cycle
- Impacts are site-specific and sector-specific
- Drought conditions are directly relative to supply and demand





California's 20th & 21st Century Statewide Droughts

- 1918-20
- 1922-24
- 1929-34
- 1947-50

- 1959-61
- 1976-77
- 1987-92
- 2007-09

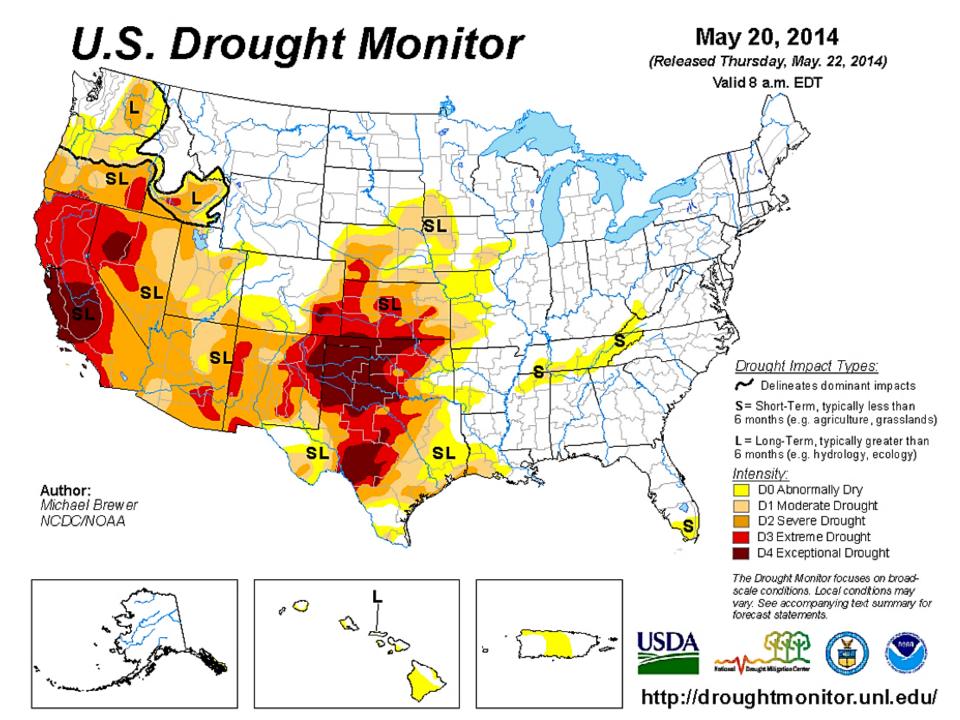


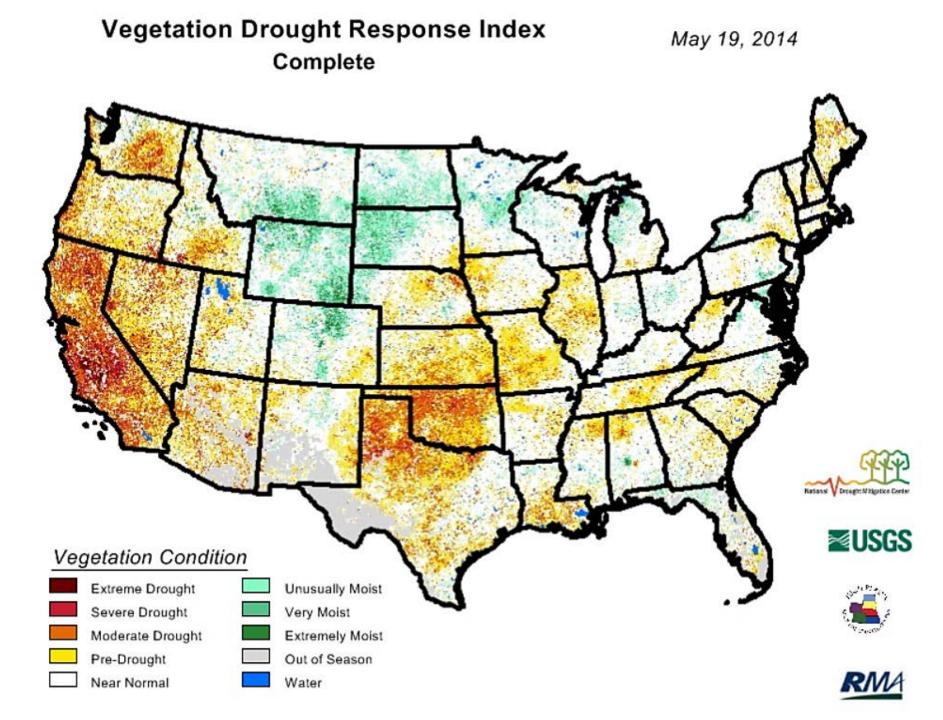
Drought Indices

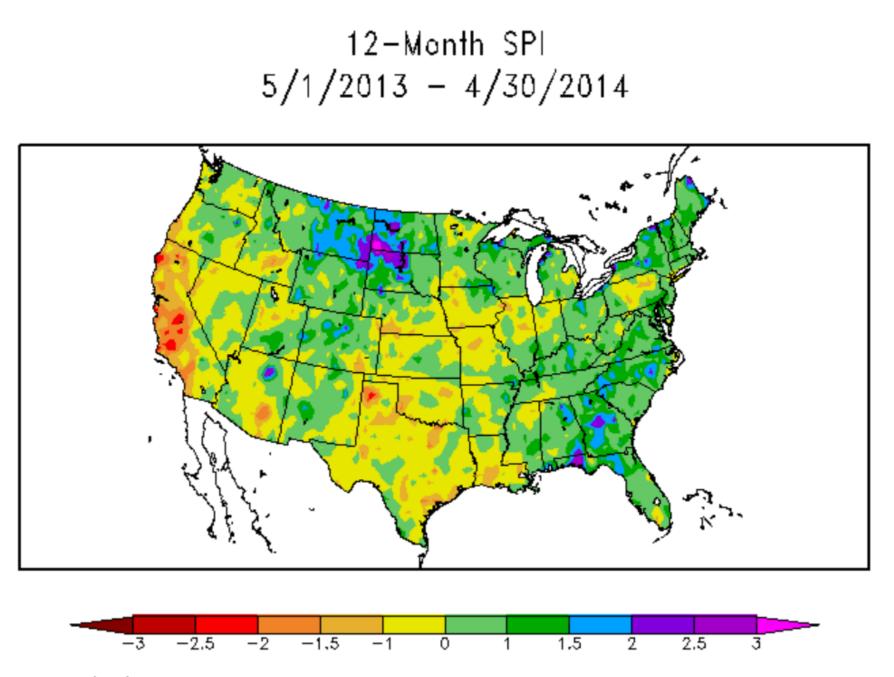
- Numerous drought indices all have strengths and shortcomings
 - Percent of normal precipitation
 - Standardized Precipitation Index, or SPI
 - Palmer Drought Severity Index
 - Stream flows
 - Surface and ground water storage











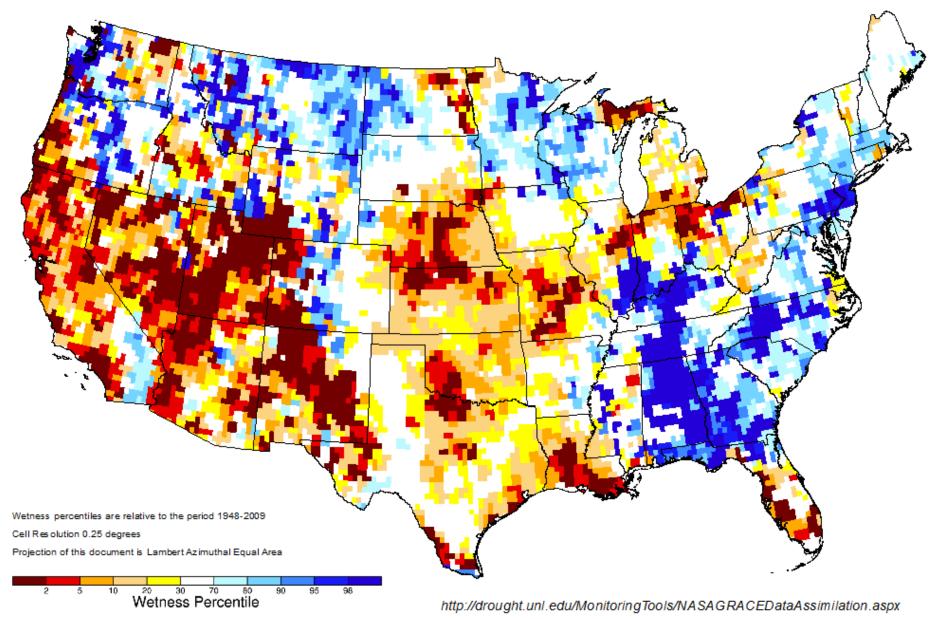
Generated 5/11/2014 at HPRCC using provisional data.

Regional Climate Centers

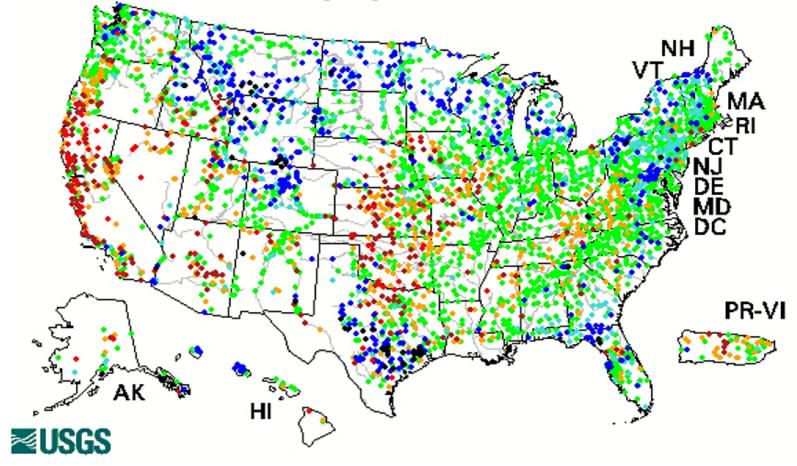


GRACE-Based Shallow Groundwater Drought Indicator

May 19, 2014



Tuesday, May 27, 2014 14:30ET



Choose a data retrieval option and select a location on the map O List of all stations in state, • State map, or • O Nearest stations

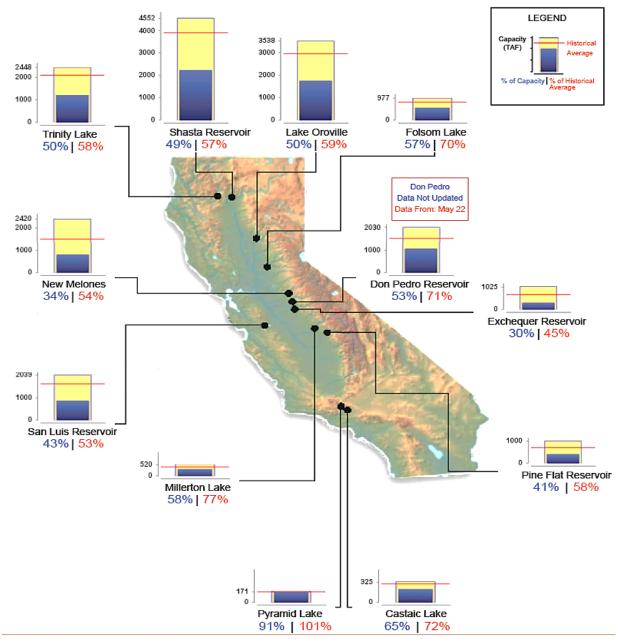
Explanation - Percentile classes						
•		•				•
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High
	Much below normal	Below	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	

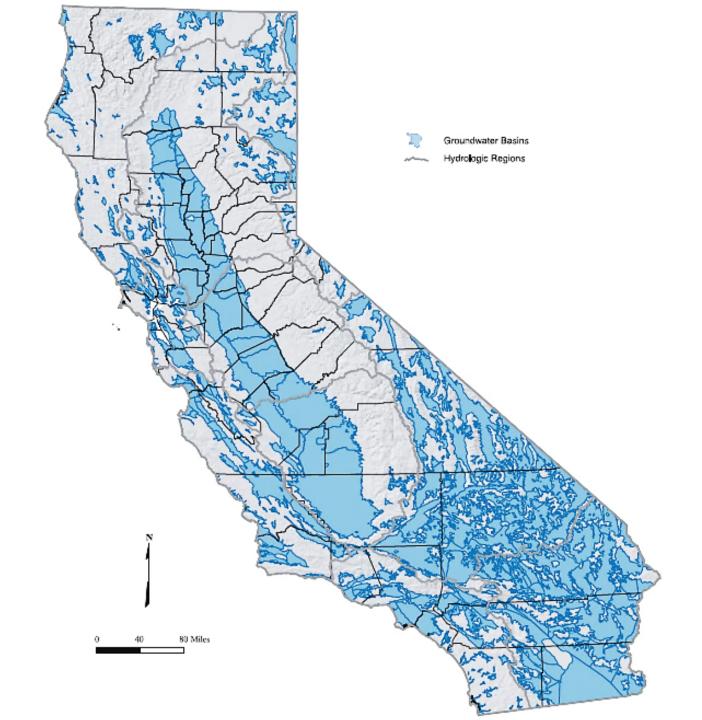
Just How Bad Is California's Drought?

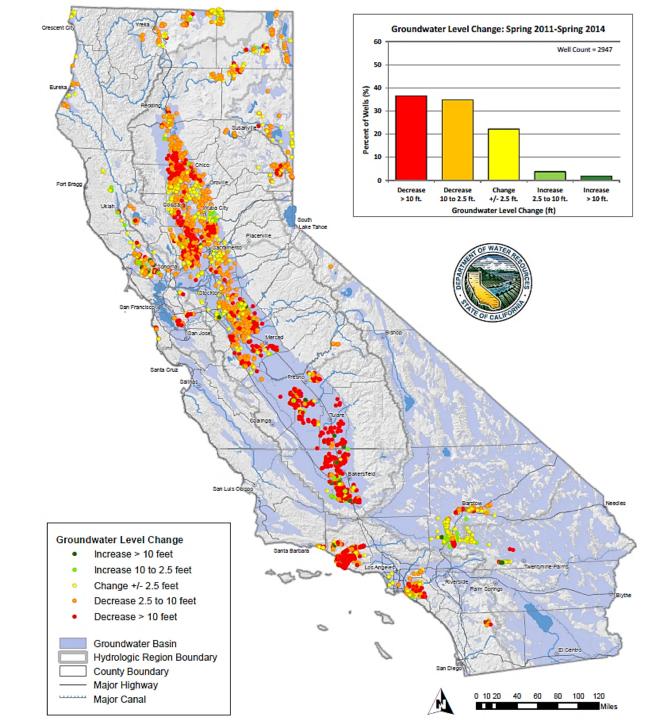




CURRENT RESERVOIR CONDITIONS







Lessons Learned From Past Droughts

- Impacts are highly site-specific
 - Ability of water systems to invest in reliability
- Small water systems on fractured rock groundwater sources are most at risk
- Larger urban water agencies can manage 3-4 years of drought with minimal impacts to their customers



What Actions Has Your Water System Taken During Previous Droughts?

- Adopted a water conservation ordinance
- Asked for voluntary conservation
- Adopted a drought mitigation plan
- Deepened a well
- Other

- We did nothing
- Looked for new sources
- Imposed mandatory restrictions
- Imposed excess-use surcharges
- Increased leak detection and repair



Define *"Other"*....

(In the space below or in the chat box)



Tools For Managing Drought

- California's water infrastructure which facilitates water transfers & exchanges
- Groundwater
- Water shortage planning (e.g. UWMPs)
- Response actions such as outreach & conservation





Greatest Risks if 2014 Remains Dry

• Health & safety

- Catastrophic wildfires (e.g., Southern California in 2003 and 2007)
- Impacts to small water systems in rural areas (including wildfire damage)

Environmental

- Continued San Joaquin Valley land subsidence
- Delta spawning beds
- Economic
 - Minimal agricultural water allocations, particularly in the San Joaquin Valley



Drought Challenges For Small Systems

- Isolated rural communities
- Small groundwater basins w/ minimal recharge/storage capacities
- Typically operate with little margin
- Lack SDWA's "technical, managerial, financial" capacity





Recent State of California Actions

- California Water Plan Update draft Oct 2013
- State Drought Task Force Dec 2013
- Governor's Drought Proclamation Jan 2014
- Water Action Plan Jan 2014
- SB-103 & SB-104 Drought Relief Bills March 2014





Drought Legislation Summary

\$549 million - Local and regional projects

- **\$30 million** Improve water use efficiency, save energy and reduce GHG emissions
- **\$14 million** Groundwater management and assistance to disadvantaged communities
- **\$10 million** Irrigation and water pumping systems that reduce water & energy use
- **\$15 million** Address emergency water shortages due to drought
- \$13 million Expand water use efficiency and conservation activities and to reduce fuel loads
- **\$25 million** Food assistance to those impacted by the drought
- **\$21 million** Housing related assistance for individuals impacted by the drought





Short Term Actions

- Conservation!
- Review / activate drought contingency plans
- Tap into local / regional information and assistance
- Expedite system improvements





Long Term Actions

- Consolidation / interties
- Expand water portfolios
- Integrated water management actions
- Capital outlay and maintenance funding

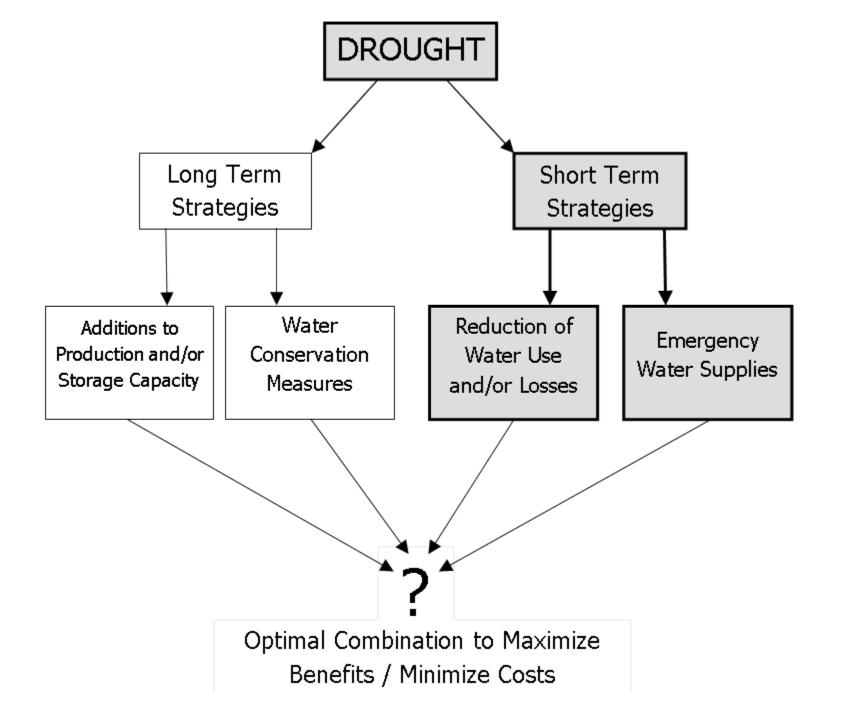




What Can You Do?

- Know your water portfolio
- Know your water costs
- Assess your risks
- Assure that revenues enable sustainability
- Engage in Regional IRWM Actions
- 20% by 2020 Go Early!
- Wave your flag
- Reward Conservation and Innovation





Drought Preparedness

- Difference between conservation measures and drought measures
- Assessment of supply and demand
- Key tool is a *Drought Preparedness Management Plan*





Drought Management Plan

Seven steps

- 1. Obtain public input and involvement
- 2. Define goals and objectives
- 3. Assess water supply and demand conditions
- 4. Define drought indicators
- 5. Identify drought mitigation measures



Drought Management Plan

- Seven steps (cont'd)
 - 6. Assess mitigation measures7. Develop a drought index and management strategy





1. Public Involvement

- Need public "buy-in" for plan to be successful
- Create a task force or committee
- Major water users
- Other water agencies
- Civic groups
- Public agencies
 - Law Enforcement, Fire Dept., Parks Dept.
- Others?



2. Define Goals and Objectives

- Which users can and should be restricted
- General or targeted restrictions
- Legal requirements
- Minimum flow requirements
- Some users take priority over others (fire departments, hospitals)





3. Assess Supply and Demand

- Identify water supply sources
 - Who ultimately controls sources
 - Treatment infrastructure
- Determine the maximum yield of current sources





3. Assess Supply and Demand

- Determine total demand
 - Average and peak demand
 - Historic demand trends
 - Use by customer sector
 - Interior vs. Exterior use
 - Projected future demand
 - Environmental demand



3. Assess Supply and Demand

- Identify Local Conditions
 - State Water Law
 - Current Conservation Efforts
 - Third-party effects on your groundwater
- Compare water demand with supply yield
- Forecast potential deficits





How much reduction in water use will you need to achieve in the next 6 months?

A. 0-10%
B. 10-20%
C. 20-50%
D. Over 50%





4. Define Your Own Drought Indicators

- Palmer Index
 - Based on soil moisture supply and demand
 - Long Term
- Reservoir Storage
 - Reflects precipitation, surface runoff, and groundwater
- Groundwater Levels
 - Well drawdown resources for gauging groundwater levels



5. Identify Mitigation Measures

- Water loss reduction (audit)
- Additional/alternative supply
- Additional storage (large scale)





5. Identify Mitigation Measures

- Public information and education
 - Bill stuffers/fliers
 - Advertisements
 - Press conferences
- Restrictions/bans on nonessential use
 - Ornamental use (fountains, ponds)
 - Pavement/street/car washing





5. Identify Mitigation Measures

- Pricing
 - Excessive-use surcharges
 - Drought surcharges
- Rationing (limit available supply)
- Local regulations/ordinances
 - Excess-use penalties
 - Criminal penalties for noncompliance (fines)
 - Interagency cooperation





6. Assess Mitigation Measures

- Anticipated water-use
 Sustainability reduction
- Consumer acceptance
 History
- Equity
- Cost

- Legal/contractual issues
- Ease of implementation



7. Develop Plan

- Adapt drought index and management strategy template that works best for you
- Use data and materials collected during assessment stages
 - Statistics
 - Maps
 - Graphics
 - Charts
 - Historical data

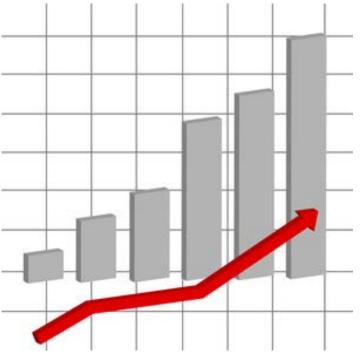




Table 1. Drought Preparedness Plan Summary			
Water supply conditions	Drought stage	Objective	Response actions
Normal 0% Total Supply Reduction	Drought Stage Zero - Ongoing Conservation. Water waste prohibition in effect.	Public awareness	Normal actions
Slightly Restricted Water Supplies (below normal) Up to 15% Total Supply Reduction	Drought Stage 1 – Introductory Stage. Voluntary reductions in use	Initiate public awareness of predicted water shortage and encourage conservation	Encourage voluntary measures to decrease "normal" demand up to 15%
Moderately Restricted Water Supplies Up to 30% Total Supply Reduction	Drought Stage 2 – Voluntary Phase for water use reductions and potential subsequent Mandatory Phase with restrictions on use.	Increase public under standing of worsening water supply conditions, encourage voluntary conservation measures, and enforce some mandatory conservation measures	Encourage some voluntary measures and enforce mandatory measures and implement water rationing to decrease "normal" demand up to 30% Drought surcharge enacted (potential in-house trigger and board action)
Severely Restricted Water Supplies Up to 50% Total Supply Reduction	Drought Stage 3 – Mandatory restrictions (severe prohibitions) on use	Ensure that water use is limited to health and safety purposes	Enforce extensive restrictions on water use and implement water rationing to decrease demand up to 50% of "normal" demand



- Formally adopt the Plan
 - Approval of citizen/community task force
 - Approval of local officials
 - Approval of your board of directors





- Public information and education
 - Pick one person to deal with the media
 - Let water users know where to ask questions
 - Staff booths at local events
 - Bill stuffers and fliers: drought fact sheet
 - Demonstrate conservation equipment
 - Provide updates





- Enforce drought restrictions
 - City/County/State ordinances
 - Incentive Programs
 - Supply retrofit devices
 - Conservation kits
 - Provide rebates for water-saving appliances
 - Disincentive programs
 - Fees/penalties



- Monitoring drought restrictions
- Reactive
 - Respond to complaints made by other consumers
- Proactive
 - Actively patrol and issue warnings/fines







What Actions Do You Plan To Take In Response To The Current Drought?

- Adopt a water conservation ordinance
- Ask for voluntary conservation
- Adopt a drought mitigation plan
- Deepen a well
- Other

- Do nothing
- Look for new sources
- Impose mandatory restrictions
- Impose excess-use surcharges
- Increase leak detection and repair



Define *"Other"*....

(In the space below or in the chat box)



Drought Preparedness

 Proper planning can help alleviate drought impact!





Web Tour Of CA Drought Resources

Drought.CA.Gov: California's Drought Information Clearinghouse

Governor's Proclamation of Drought Emergency State's Water Conservation Campaign, <u>Save our Water</u> Local Government <u>Clearinghouse and Toolkit</u> California Department of Food and Agriculture, <u>Drought information</u> California Department of Water Resources <u>Current Water Conditions</u> California Data Exchange Center, <u>Snow Pack/Water Levels</u> California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Rights, <u>Drought Info and Actions</u> California Natural Resources Agency, <u>Drought Info and Actions</u> California Department of Public Health, Drinking Water <u>CDPH Drinking Water Program</u> California State Water Project, <u>Information</u> USDA Drought Designations by County <u>CA County Designations</u> USDA Disaster and Drought Assistance Information <u>USDA Programs</u> Small Business Administration Disaster Support: <u>www.sba.gov/disaster</u>



Thank You For Attending!

We look forward to seeing you in future RCAC workshops! nworthen@rcac.org rnoval@rcac.org spalmer@rcac.org jgannon@rcac.org



